BEGIN MHR. 20, 1960

30.24-10283

A28

NUCLEAR BUDGET (730)

EDITOR'S NOTE--THE FOLLOWING ANALYSIS OF THE NUCLEAR TEST NEGOTIATIONS IS BY TOM OCHILTREE, AN AP STAFF WRITER WHO HAS COVERED THE TALKS SINCE THEY STARTED 17 MONTHS AGO.

-DASH-

BY TOM OCHILTREE

GENEVA, MARCH 20 (AP)-WESTERN DIPLOMATIC SOURCES SAID TODAY SOVIET PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV HAS OFFERED EITHER AN OLIVE BRANCH OR A STEEL TRAP IN HIS LATEST MOVE IN NUCLEAR TEST BAN TALKS.

A COMPLEX SOVIET PROPOSAL, INTRODUCED SATURDAY IN THE LONG-DRAWN NEGOTIATIONS, CONTAINS BOTH POSITIVE AND NEGATIVE FACTORS WHICH WESTERN LEADERS MUST BALANCE AGAINST EACH OTHER.

ONE THING CAN BE SAID WITHOUT DISPUTE. THE SOVIET PROPOSAL INJECTS NEW LIFE IN A CONFERENCE WHICH HAS DRONED ON IN GENEVA FOR ALMOST 17 MONTHS.

UNDER KHRUSHCHEV'S PROPOSAL THE UNITED STATES, BRITAIN AND THE SOVIET UNION WOULD INCLUDE A PARTIAL TREATY ENFORCING A BAN ON MOST TYPES OF NUCLEAR TEST EXPLOSIONS.

AT THE SAME TIME THEY WOULD PROMISE NOT TO SET OFF SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS FALLING OUTSIDE POLICING PROVISIONS OF THE PARTIAL PACT.

THE RUSSIANS SAID THEY WOULD EVEN ACCEPT SOME FORM OF CONTROL OVER THESE SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS, BUT DID NOT SPELL OUT THE INSPECTION MACHINERY THEY HAD IN MIND. UNLESS THIS PART OF THE PROPOSAL PROVES NEGOTIABLE, THE MORATORIUM ON SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS WOULD REST ON NOTHING FIRMER THAN TRUST. THIS IS A CRITICAL POINT WHICH THE AMERICAN AND BRITISH GOVERNMENTS INTEND TO EXPLORE CAREFULLY.

THE NUCLEAR STRENGTH OF THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN, A DETERRENT AGAINST AGGRESSION, IS THE SHIELD OF THE ENTIRE FREE WORLD.

FOR THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN, MORE IS AT STAKE IN GENEVA THAN THE FABRIC OF THEIR OWN INDIVIDUAL SECURITY.

THE PARTIAL BAN IDEA CAME FIRST FROM PRESIDENT EISENHOWER ON FEB. 11.

IT IS THE OTHER PART OF THE SOVIET PLAN -- A RIDER TO THE EISENHOWER PROPOSAL--WHICH GIVES THEM PAUSE. THIS IS PROMISE OF A MORATORIUM ON SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS BEFORE THERE IS ANY CONTROL MACHINERY TO BACK UP THE COMMITMENT.

EVEN HERE THERE IS A SHADING OF DIFFERENCE BETWEEN THE TWO WESTERN POWERS. THE BRITISH LOOK MORE FAVORABLY ON THIS PROVISION THAN THE AMERICANS.

THE WESTERN SIDE UNDOUBTEDLY WILL MEET THE SOVIET MOVE WITH COUNTER MOVES. INFORMANTS SAID PRESIDENT EISENHOWER NOW FACES A SEARCHING POLICY DECISION WITH TREMENDOUS RAMIFICATIONS.

THE NUCLEAR TALKS HAVE BECOME SO INVOLVED THAT EVEN THE OUTLINES OF THE MAJOR MOVES ARE HARD TO EXPLAIN. YET THESE NEGOTIATIONS--DEADLOCKED AS THEY HAVE BEEN FOR LONG PERIODS--ARE THE MOST HOPEFUL PROSPECT FOR SOME CONCRETE EAST-WEST UNDERSTANDING IN 15 YEARS.

SOVIET DELEGATE SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN SUDDENLY TOSSED KHRUSHCHEV'S PACKAGE ON THE TABLE AT A SPECIAL CONFERENCE SESSION. U.S. AMBASSADOR JAMES WADSWORTH AND BRITISH MINISTER OF STATE DAVID ORMSBY-GORE QUICKLY MESSAGED THE TERMS TO THEIR HOME CAPITALS FOR ANALYSIS.

EISENHOWER'S FEB. 11 PROPOSAL WAS A "STOP-THE-FALLOUT" PROGRAM.

A PARTIAL TREATY WOULD BAN FOREVER ATOMIC AND HYDROGEN TEST EXPLOSIONS ON THE EARTH'S SURFACE, IN THE OCEANS, IN THE ATMOSPHERE OR "IN THOSE REGIONS IN SPACE WHERE EFFECTIVE CONTROLS CAN NOW BE AGREED UPON." ALL CONTROLLABLE UNDERGROUND TESTS ALSO WOULD BE PROHIBITED.

BUT THE EISENHOWER PLAN WOULD NOT APPLY THE TREATY TO SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS CAUSING SEISMIC MAGNITUDE READINGS OF LESS THAN 4.75. WESTERN SCIENTISTS MAINTAIN THAT UNDERGROUND TESTS BELOW THIS 4.75 THRESHOLD CANNOT BE ACCURATELY DETECTED WITH EXISTING INSTRUMENTS.

THE RUSSIANS ATTACKED THIS IDEA OF A PARTIAL TREATY UNTIL SATURDAY WHEN TSARAPKIN REVERSED HIS POSITION.

HE ALSO CAME AROUND TO THE IDEA OF JOINT EAST-WEST SCIENTIFIC STUDIES ON DETECTING SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS DURING THE MORATORIUM.

THE RUSSIAN ARRANGEMENT CAN BE BOTH DEFENDED AND ATTACKED, WESTERN DIPLOMATS SAID. HERE ARE TWO FACTORS IN FAVOR:

1. A PARTIAL TREATY WOULD STOP GROWING WORLD CONCERN ABOUT THE HEALTH HAZARDS INVOLVED IN TESTS.

2. IT WOULD BUILD CONFIDENCE AMONG THE POWERS. IT PROBABLY WOULD IMPROVE THE CHANCES FOR REACHING AGREEMENTS IN LARGER ARENAS OF NEGOTIATION.

CONCLUSION OF A NUCLEAR TREATY WOULD NOT GUARANTEE SUCCESS FOR A SECOND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE RUNNING IN GENEVA--THE RECENTLY STARTED 10-NATION TALKS ON GENERAL DISARMAMENT. BUT FAILURE OF THE NUCLEAR TALKS PROBABLY WOULD WASH OUT HOPE OF ACCOMPLISHING ANYTHING IN EVEN MORE COMPLEX DISARMAMENT NEGOTIATIONS. IN THE RUSSIAN PACKAGE.

THE ARGUMENTS AGAINST CENTER AROUND THE MORATORIUM TO STOP ALL TESTS IN THE WEST AND HAVE NO ABSOLUTE GUARANTEE THE RUSSIANS HAD DONE LIKEWISE WOULD REPRESENT A BIG GAMBLE. EISENHOWER HAS RECEIVED ADVICE FROM POWERFUL LEADERS IN THE U.S. DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION THAT AMERICAN SECURITY REQUIRES A LIMITED RESUMPTION OF UNDERGROUND TESTING BY LATE THIS YEAR. IN THE LONG RUN NUCLEAR WEAPONS ARE ONLY MODIFIED AND IMPROVED BY TESTING.

THE UNITED STATES AND BRITAIN ALSO MUST CONSIDER A TECHNICAL PROBLEM INVOLVING CONTROLS.

TSARAPKIN ESTIMATED A PARTIAL TREATY COULD BE NEGOTIATED IN A FEW WEEKS. THE AMERICANS AND BRITISH ARE NOT SO SURE.

SOME PRINCIPLES OF INTERNATIONAL POLICING OF A TEST BAN HAVE BEEN WORKED OUT IN THE DRAFT TREATY BUT BIG GAPS REMAIN. THE LARGEST OF THESE HAS TO DO WITH THE QUOTA SYSTEM FOR ON-SITE INSPECTIONS OF SUSPICIOUS DISTURBANCES. SETTING THE NUMBER OF INVESTIGATIONS A YEAR THE COUNTRIES WILL ALLOW ON THEIR TERRITORIES MAY BE THE TOUGHEST TASK OF ALL.

THE FUGURE OF THE TALKS THUS REMAINS IN DOUBT, BUT THERE PROBABLY IS MORE EXPECTATION IN GENEVA NOW THAN EVER BEFORE THAT A TREATY OF SOME KIND ULTIMATELY WILL BE PRODUCED.

RP/UK143PES

A79WX

(570) NUCLEAR

BY JOHN M. HIGHTOWER

WASHINGTON, MARCH 20 (AP)-THE UNITED STATES WANTS MUCH MORE INFORMATION ABOUT VITAL POINTS OF RUSSIA'S NEW NUCLEAR TEST BAN PROPOSAL BEFORE MAKING A DECISIVE REPLY IN THE GENEVA THREE-POWER CONFERENCE.

OFFICIALS SAID TODAY AMBASSADOR JAMES J. WADSWORTH, AMERICAN NEGOTIATOR, WILL BE INSTRUCTED THIS WEEK TO ASK THE SOVIET DELEGATE, SEMYON K. TSARAPKIN, POINTED QUESTIONS ON SEVERAL KEY ISSUES, INCLUDING INSPECTION ARRANGEMENTS AND THE DURATION OF A SPECIAL MORATORIUM ON SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS.

PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND SECRETARY OF STATE CHRISTIAN A. HERTER WILL HAVE AN OPPORTUNITY TO DISCUSS THE SITUATION AT A WHITE HOUSE CONFERENCE TOMORROW MORNING.

CHAIRMAN JOHN A. MCCONE OF THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION, WHO IS KNOWN TO BELIEVE THAT A NEW SERIES OF WEAPONS TESTS IS OF GREAT IMPORTANCE TO U.S. SECURITY, IS EXPECTED TO DISCUSS THE SITUATION WITH EISENHOWER EARLY IN THE WEEK.

MEANWHILE, OFFICIALS SAID, THE DEFENSE DEPARTMENT AND THE ATOMIC ENERGY COMMISSION ARE GOING AHEAD WITH PLANS FOR HOLDING MORE WEAPONS TESTS, POSSIBLY NEAR THE END OF THE YEAR, PARTICULARLY TO DEVELOP WEAPONS FOR GROUND FORCES AND BETTER NUCLEAR WARHEADS FOR INTERCONTINENTAL BALLISTIC MISSILES AND ANTIMISSILES. NO CHANGE WOULD BE MADE IN POLICY ON THE PREPARATIONS, OFFICIALS SAID, EXCEPT AS A RESULT OF SOME FIRM AGREEMENT IN THE GENEVA CONFERENCE--AN AGREEMENT NOT YET IN SIGHT.

PLANS ARE ALSO GOING FORWARD FOR TESTING NUCLEAR EXPLOSIVES FOR PEACEFUL PURPOSES UNDER A PROGRAM BEARING THE CODE NAME "PLOWSHARE."

TSARAPKIN INTRODUCED RUSSIA'S NEW PROPOSAL AT A MEETING OF THE U.S.-BRITISH-SOVIET CONFERENCE SATURDAY.

IN EFFECT, IT ACCEPTED A PLAN PUT FORTH BY EISENHOWER A MONTH AGO FOR A LIMITED BAN ON THE TESTING OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS BECAUSE SMALL UNDERGROUND BLASTS ARE SO DIFFICULT TO DETECT EVEN BY THE BEST SCIENTIFIC METHODS. TSARAPKIN SAID RUSSIA WAS PREPARED TO ACCEPT A LIMITED TREATY PROVIDED THE THREE POWERS WOULD MAKE A PARALLEL AGREEMENT THAT THEY WOULD REFRAIN FROM SMALL UNDERGROUND TESTS.

MANY OFFICIALS HERE SUSPECT THAT THE RUSSIANS GOT THIS IDEA FROM THE BRITISH AND INTEND TO USE IT PRIMARILY TO TRY TO SPLIT BRITAIN AND THE UNITED STATES.

THE UNITED STATES ONCE SECRETLY TURNED DOWN A BRITISH PROPOSAL FOR A VOLUNTARY MORATORIUM ON SMALL WEAPONS TESTS. THAT WAS WHEN THE UNITED STATES WAS SEEKING BRITAIN'S APPROVAL FOR THE LIMITED TREATY CONCEPT WHICH EISENHOWER SUBSEQUENTLY THREW INTO THE GENEVA TALKS.

BEHIND THIS SEEMING LINEUP OF SOVIET AND BRITISH PURPOSES IS A BASIC CONFLICT DISTURBING TO U. S. LEADERS WHO WORRY ABOUT THE NEED TO KEEP DOWN DIFFERENCES WITHIN THE WESTERN ALLIANCE. THE FACT IS THAT POWERFUL ELEMENTS IN THE AMERICAN GOVERNMENT BELIEVE THAT WESTERN SECURITY REQUIRES A RENEWAL OF TESTING BEFORE THE YEAR ENDS. BUT THE BRITISH ARE OPPOSED TO STARTING UP TESTS AGAIN AND THE RUSSIANS HAVE CAMPAIGNED FOR YEARS FOR A TOTAL BAN ON ALL TESTS.

THE LONGER EXPERTS HERE STUDY THE NEW SOVIET PROPOSAL THE MORE SKEPTICAL THEY SEEM TO BECOME ABOUT IT. THEY SAY IT MARKS A BREAK WITH RUSSIA'S PAST DEMAND FOR A BAN ON ALL WEAPONS TESTING IN TREATY FORM, YET THE TREATY AND THE MORATORIUM WHICH THE SOVIETS NOW ASK WOULD COME TO THE SAME PRACTICAL RESULT. HENCE THE PROSPECT GREW OVER THE WEEKEND THAT THE UNITED STATES WOULD FAVOR REJECTING THE SOVIET PROPOSAL BUT TO AVOID BEING IN A NEGATIVE PROPAGANDA POSITION WOULD OFFER A COUNTER-PLAN.

U. S. OFFICIALS WILL CONFER FIRST WITH THE BRITISH IN AN EFFORT TO WORK OUT A JOINT POSITION.

CZ&EG541PES

A101WX

(160) OFFENSIVE SATELLITE

WASHINGTON, MARCH 20 (AP)-A TOP U. S. DEFENSE OFFICIAL EXPRESSED DOUBT THAT RUSSIA HAS A CRASH PROGRAM TO DEVELOP AN OFFENSIVE EARTH SATELLITE AND DENIED THAT THIS NATION IS WORKING ON SUCH A WEAPON.

JAMES H. DOUGLAS, DEPUTY SECRETARY OF DEFENSE, WAS ASKED ON A TV PROGRAM (CBS-FACE THE NATION) WHETHER SOVIET MOVES FOR NUCLEAR AND CONVENTIONAL DISARMAMENT MIGHT MEAN RUSSIA IS DEVELOPING THE "ULTIMATE WEAPON." PREMIER NIKITA S. KHRUSHCHEV HAS USED THIS TERM AND IT HAS BEEN ASSUMED HE REFERRED TO A SATELLITE CAPABLE OF RAINING DESTRUCTION ON THE EARTH FROM OUTER SPACE.

DOUGLAS SAID THE U.S.S.R. HAS NOT LAUNCHED ANY EARTH SATELLITES IN ABOUT TWO YEARS AND EXPRESSED CONVICTION THE RUSSIANS WOULD HAVE HAD TO CARRY ON SUCH TESTING IF THEY WERE DEVELOPING A SATELLITE WEAPON.

SINCE THE UNITED STATES HAS BEEN LAUNCHING EARTH SATELLITES, DOUGLAS WAS ASKED IF HIS INTERPRETATION MEANS THIS NATION IS DEVELOPING SUCH A WEAPON. HE REPLIED "NO, IT DOES NOT."

DOUGLAS ADDED THAT PRESENT MEANS OF DELIVERING BALLISTIC MISSILES WITH NUCLEAR WARHEADS ARE QUITE ADEQUATE FOR THE VIRTUAL DESTRUCTION OF THE WORLD WITHOUT GOING TO THE TROUBLE AND EXPENSE OF DEVELOPING AN OFFENSIVE SATELLITE.

EG643PES

A26

THE GUINEA AFFAIR BUDGET (320)

BY HERB ALTSCHULL

BONN, GERMANY, MARCH 20 (AP)-RARELY IN THE MODERN HISTORY IF DIPLOMACY HAS THERE BEEN A MUDDLE TO COMPARE WITH THE GUINEA AFFAIR.

IT ALL BEGAN MARCH 5 WHEN THE COMMUNIST GOVERNMENT OF EAST GERMANY ANNOUNCED IT HAD OPENED DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH GUINEA, AN AFRICAN NATION OF THREE MILLION THAT RECENTLY WON INDEPENDENCE FROM FRANCE.

SINCE THEN, AS ALICE MIGHT HAVE PUT IT, THINGS HAVE BECOME CURIOSER AND CURIOSER.

GUINEA AUTHORITIES REFUSED TO CONFIRM THE COUNTRY HAD TAKEN UP DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH EAST GERMANY. AT THE END OF LAST WEEK, NABI YOULA, WHO SERVES AS GUINEA'S AMBASSADOR IN PARIS AND BONN, ANNOUNCED "GUINEA HAS NO DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH EAST GERMANY, ONLY COMMERCIAL RELATIONS."

AT STAKE IS WHETHER WEST GERMANY WILL MAINTAIN DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH GUINEA. BONN OFFICIALS SAY WEST GERMANY WILL BREAK OFF TIES IF GUINEA EXCHANGES AMBASSADORS WITH EAST GERMANY.

SEKOU TOURE, THE ONE-MAN GOVERNMENT OF GUINEA, WROTE CHANCELLOR KONRAD ADENAUER A LETTER LAST WEEK STATING THAT "AT THIS MOMENT" GUINEA DOES NOT HAVE DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH EAST GERMANY. BUT ADENAUER'S FOREIGN MINISTER SAID THE REPLY WAS UNSATISFACTORY AND UNCLEAR.

YOULA LEFT A MEETING WITH FOREIGN OFFICE AIDES HERE FRIDAY SAYING THE WHOLE BUSINESS HAD BEEN SETTLED.

FOREIGN OFFICE AUTHORITIES WERE NOT SO SURE. THE FOREIGN OFFICE IS REPORTED TO HAVE GIVEN YOULA A NUMBER OF QUESTIONS TO RELAY TO PRESIDENT TOURE.

ONE WAS WHETHER THE EAST GERMANS LIED WHEN THEY ANNOUNCED THE START OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH GUINEA. ANOTHER WAS WHETHER TOURE INTENDS IN THE FUTURE TO EXCHANGE AMBASSADORS WITH EAST GERMANY.

THE QUESTION OF DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH EAST GERMANY IS IMPORTANT TO BONN. ONLY COMMUNIST POWERS NOW RECOGNIZE THE EAST GERMAN REGIME. THE WEST CONSIDERS IT A PUPPET PROPPED UP BY THE PRESENCE OF 22 SOVIET DIVISIONS IN THE COUNTRY. BONN HAS PROMISED TO BREAK WITH ANY COUNTRY RECOGNIZING EAST GERMANY. IT CARRIED OUT THIS THREAT THREE YEARS AGO WHEN YUGOSLAVIA TOOK UP DIPLOMATIC TIES WITH EAST BERLIN.

TOURE, A MARXIST LABOR LEADER WHO PRACTICES WHAT HE CALLS ONE PARTY DEMOCRACY, WAS IN BONN LAST NOVEMBER. ASKED AT A NEWS CONFERENCE THEN WHETHER HE WOULD TAKE UP DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS WITH EAST GERMANY, TOURE SAID "WE ARE READY TO RECEIVE IN GUINEA ANY COUNTRY WHICH IS PREPARED TO COOPERATE WITH US."

RP120PES

A141

BY A. I. GOLDBERG (350)

MOSCOW, MARCH 20 (AP)-IZVESTIA TOLD ITS READERS TODAY U.S. REPUBLICANS ARE CAMPAIGNING ON A PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE PLATFORM WHILE DEMOCRATS ARE FOLLOWING LEADERS WHO CALL FOR STERNER MEASURES TOWARD THE SOVIET UNION.

THE ARTICLE IN THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER WAS WRITTEN BY DMITRI KRAMINOV, A VETERAN CORRESPONDENT WHO SPECIALIZES IN THE AFFAIRS OF ENGLISH-SPEAKING COUNTRIES.

IT IS THE FIRST OF A SERIES REVIEWING THE VISIT TO THE UNITED STATES

30.24-10285

OF A GROUP OF SOVIET OFFICIALS LED BY PREMIER DMITRI POLYANSKY OF THE RUSSIAN REPUBLIC. THEY WERE RETURNING A VISIT TO THE SOVIET UNION BY A PARTY OF U.S. GOVERNORS.

KRAMINOV SAID THE AMERICAN PEOPLE HAVE A WARMER ATTITUDE TOWARD THE SOVIET UNION SINCE PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV'S TRIP TO THE UNITED STATES.

HE WROTE THAT THIS WAS MIRRORED BY WHAT HE CALLED A CHANGE IN THE ATTITUDE TOWARD THE SOVIET UNION OF GOV. NELSON A. ROCKEFELLER OF NEW YORK. ROCKEFELLER HAS BEEN ASSAILED PREVIOUSLY IN THE SOVIET PRESS AS A LEADING EXPONENT OF THE COLD WAR. KRAMINOV SAID ROCKEFELLER HAD OPPOSED THE VISIT BY POLYANSKY'S GROUP BUT WHEN THE RUSSIANS REACHED NEW YORK, ROCKEFELLER MADE A SPECIAL TRIP FROM ALBANY TO GREET THEM.

"WE WERE RECEIVED WITH GAY CORDIALITY AND WARM-HEATEDNESS BY GOVERNOR ROK (SIC)," KRAMINOV SAID.

IN IOWA, KRAMINOV SAID, THE RUSSIAN VISITORS FOUND REPUBLICANS IN THE CONGRESSIONAL CAMPAIGN RUNNING ON A PEACEFUL COEXISTENCE PLATFORM DESPITE THEIR REPUTATION AS REACTIONARIES, AND DEMOCRATS RUNNING ON A "WAR TICKET" DESPITE THEIR REPUTATION AS LIBERALS.

KRAMINOV SAID CERTAIN UNIDENTIFIED DEMOCRATS TOLD HIM DEMOCRATIC PARTY LEADERS HAD BECOME LOST "AMONG THREE PINE TREES" IN OPPOSING SOVIET PEACE OVERTURES. THREE PINE TREES IS AN OLD RUSSIAN SAYING, TO BE LOST AMONG ONLY THREE TREES MEANS A PERSON IS REALLY CONFUSED.

THE ARTICLE QUOTED THE UNNAMED DEMOCRATS AS SAYING THE REPUBLICANS WERE GAINING BY USING THE PEACE PLATFORM.

KRAMINOV PRAISED THE RECEPTION THE GOVERNORS OF PENNSYLVANIA AND ILLINOIS GAVE THE VISITING SOVIET DELEGATION, BUT SAID GOV. JOHN E. DAVIS OF NORTH DAKOTA GOT OFF ON THE WRONG FOOT.

POLYANSKY THREATENED TO WALK OUT OF THE MEETING WITH DAVIS. THE GOVERNOR SAID HIS FIRST REMARKS WERE MISINTERPRETED AS AN ATTACK ON THE COMMUNIST SYSTEM, AND AFTER THAT THE MEETING DEVELOPED INTO ONE OF THE WARMEST ON THE U.S. TOUR, KRAMINOV REPORTED.

HF938PES

A144

MOSCOW, MARCH 20 (AP)-PRAVDA AND IZVESTIA TODAY REPRINTED THE TEXT OF AN OPEN LETTER IN A U.S. SUNDAY SUPPLEMENT (PARADE) TO PRESIDENT EISENHOWER AND PREMIER NIKITA KHRUSHCHEV URGING THEY KEEP IN TELEPHONE CONTACT AS A MEASURE TO AVERT WAR.

PRAVDA, THE COMMUNIST PARTY NEWSPAPER, SAID THE LETTER SHOWED A STRIVING TO END THE MENACE OF WAR.

THE GOVERNMENT NEWSPAPER IZVESTIA SAID THE LETTER "UNDOUBTEDLY REFLECTS THE CONCERN OF AMERICAN PUBLIC OPINION ABOUT THE DANGER OF WAR."

HF941PES

A130

(260)

BY WILTON WYNN

CAIRO, MARCH 20 (AP)-PRESIDENT NASSER SAID TODAY THAT IF ISRAELI PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION GETS MORE ARMS FROM THE WEST, "WE ALSO WILL GET MORE ARMS."

NASSER MADE THAT STATEMENT IN A MEETING WITH 44 VISITING AMERICAN EDITORS AND PUBLISHERS. AFTER AN HOUR LONG SESSION, THE VISITING EDITORS BRIEFED CORRESPONDENTS ON NASSER'S COMMENTS.

THEY QUOTED HIM AS SAYING RELATIONS BETWEN THE UNITED ARAB REPUBLIC AND THE UNITED STATES HAVE IMPROVED IN THE LAST TWO YEARS, BUT "IF AMERICA SUPPORTS ISRAEL, THERE WILL BE NO ROOM FOR BETTER RELATIONS BETWEEN US."

NASSER SAID BEN-GURION IS TRYING TO CONVINCE THE WEST THAT ISRAEL IS THREATENED BY ARAB STATES IN ORDER TO GET ARMS.

THE DENIED THAT THE ARAB STATES ARE PLANNING TO ATTACK ISRAEL.

"WE WILL ALWAYS REPLY TO ANY AGGRESSION," NASSER SAID, "BUT WE HAVE NO INTENTION OF LAUNCHING AGGRESSION."

ASKED ABOUT BEN-GURION'S PROPOSALS THAT HE AND NASSER SIT DOWN TO TALK PEACE, NASSER SAID: "BEN-GURION SAID THE SAME THING IN 1956, WHEN HE WAS PLOTTING AGGRESSION AGAINST US WITH BRITAIN AND FRANCE."

NASSER SAID BEN-GURION'S VISIT TO AMERICA "REMINDED OUR PEOPLE AGAIN OF WHAT HAPPENED IN 1948, WHEN THE AMERICAN PRESIDENT SUPPORTED ISRAEL AND GAVE HER ARMS TO ENABLE HER TO ACHIEVE HER OBJECTIVES. THE ARAB PEOPLE ARE AFRAID THIS MAY BE REPEATED....WE FEEL THERE IS SOMETHING IN THE AIR IN CONNECTION WITH THE SUPPORT OF ISRAEL AGAINST ARAB COUNTRIES."

NASSER COMPARED THE U.A.R. TODAY WITH AMERICA IN THE TIME OF GEORGE WASHINGTON, WHEN "YOU DID NOT WANT TO MINGLE IN EUROPEAN AFFAIRS BUT PREFERRED TO REMAIN NEUTRAL. THE U. A. R. TODAY IS IN A SIMILAR SITUATION."

NASSER TOLD THE EDITORS HE GETS 30,000 LETTERS A MONTH FROM AMERICANS, AND DURING THE SUEZ WAR GOT 1,000 A MONTH, OF WHICH 90 PER CENT ARE FRIENDLY.

"I BELIEVE THOSE LETTERS REPRESENT THE REAL AMERICAN," HE ADDED.

JE849PES

A66

(130)

LONDON, MARCH 20 (AP)-THE LONDON OBSERVER SAID TODAY BRITAIN MAY SELL FIRESTREAK AIR-TO-AIR MISSILES TO ISRAEL. THE REPORT CREATED A STIR IN OFFICIAL QUARTERS AND THE FOREIGN OFFICE DENIED IT.

THE OBSERVER, QUOTING DEFENSE MINISTRY AND FOREIGN OFFICE SOURCES, SAID BRITAIN "IS THINKING ABOUT RELEASING NEW WEAPONS TO ISRAEL, NOTABLY FOR ANTIAIRCRAFT DEFENSES."

"THERE IS NO TRUTH IN THE REPORT," A FOREIGN OFFICE SPOKESMAN DECLARED.

THE OBSERVER SAID ISRAELI PREMIER DAVID BEN-GURION, WHO HAS BEEN HAVING HIGH LEVEL TALKS HERE WITH BRITISH OFFICIALS, HAS LEFT A MILITARY SHOPPING LIST WITH THE PERMANENT ISRAELI PURCHASING MISSION IN LONDON.

RELIABLE INFORMANTS SAID, HOWEVER, BRITAIN HAS TAKEN NO DECISION ABOUT SELLING ARMS TO ISRAEL.

BEN-GURION HAS DELAYED HIS RETURN TO ISRAEL. THE FOREIGN OFFICE SAID THE PREMIER, ORIGINALLY SCHEDULED TO LEAVE LAST NIGHT, IS STAYING ON FOR ANOTHER FEW DAYS.

R429PES

A120

(240)

UNITED NATIONS, N.Y. (AP)-WITH THE HELP OF GHANA'S U.N. AMBASSADOR, 52 COUNTRIES ARE BEING INVITED TO SEND MUSICIANS FROM THEIR ARMED FORCES TO PLAY JAZZ TOGETHER IN NEW YORK CITY NEXT JUNE 12.

THE INVITATION TO THE SIXTH ANNUAL WORLD JAZZ FESTIVAL, SCHEDULED THAT DAY ON THE CENTRAL PARK MALL, ORIGINATED WITH THE FESTIVAL DIRECTOR, OWEN ENGEL OF FLUSHING, QUEENS. ENGEL ONCE WAS CLARINETIST WITH PAUL WHITEMAN'S ORCHESTRA.

GHANAIAN AMBASSADOR ALEX QUAISON-SACKEY RELAYED IT TO HIS OWN GOVERNMENT--AND IS PASSING IT ALONG THIS WEEKEND TO THE HEADS OF THE 51 OTHER U.N. DELEGATIONS FOR THEIR GOVERNMENTS.

IN DOING SO, HE STRESSES THAT HE IS ACTING NOT AS A GOVERNMENT REPRESENTATIVE BUT AS CHAIRMAN OF THE FESTIVAL AND AS ONE WHO BELIEVES "AN EVENT OF THIS SORT IS A NECESSARY ANTIDOTE TO OUR SERIOUS TASKS."

HE IS INTERESTED, HE EXPLAINS, BECAUSE HE IS A GHANAIAN AND "JAZZ ORIGINALLY CAME FROM WEST AFRICA." HE IS ALSO A DRUMMER AND FLUTIST. HE ADMIRES LOUIS ARMSTRONG, AMERICAN TRUMPETER, AND HUMPHREY LYTTELTON, ENGLISH TRUMPETER, AND HIS FAVORITE TUNE IS "ST. LOUIS BLUES."

THE INVITED MUSICIANS WILL SOLO ON AMERICAN STANDARD TUNES WITH A 17-PIECE AMERICAN ORCHESTRA. THEY WILL JOIN THAT ORCHESTRA AND A 60-PIECE BAND FROM MITCHEL AIR FORCE BASE, N.Y., IN A FINAL JAM SESSION ON "WHEN THE SAINTS GO MARCHIN ING."

THE 17-PIECE ORCHESTRA WILL PLAY JAZZ COMPOSITIONS SENT IN BY H.

ISRASMAN OF MOSCOW, EDWARD CZERNY OF WARSAW, HARRY ARNOLD OF STOCKHOLM, FRANK FERNAND OF BOMBAY, ALEX GEORGIADES OF ATHENS, BORGE ROGER HENRICHSEN OF COPENHAGEN AND JULIAN LEE OF SYDNEY, AUSTRALIA.

THE FESTIVAL, SUBSIDIZED BY NEW YORK CITY, WILL BE FREE TO THE PUBLIC.

HF815PES

A137

NEW YORK, MARCH 20-(AP)-ABOUT 500 SURVIVORS OF THE NAZI MURDER CAMP AUSCHWITZ IN POLAND HELD THEIR FIRST REUNION SINCE LIBERATION TONIGHT.

THE FORMER PRISONERS REMINISCED A BIT ABOUT THE HORRORS OF A DECADE AGO, BUT SPENT MORE TIME STARTING A DRIVE FOR A SCHOLARSHIP FUND FOR CHILDREN OF FORMER INMATES.

THE SCHOLARSHIP FUND IS NOT NEEDED AT THE MOMENT. NONE OF THE FORMER NAZI PRISONERS HAS SURVIVING CHILDREN OVER 14 YEARS OLD.

HF913PES

End March 20, 1960